

逆流式流動薄膜質傳裝置效率之研究

In the membrane mass exchanger, where the solute transports through the membrane by the effects of dialysis and ultrafiltration, the mass transfer rate is affected by the sieving coefficient, feed concentration and flow rate, and the flow arrangement. This study focuses on the counter-current flow type with effects of dialysis and ultrafiltration. At same sieving coefficient and feed concentration, the effectiveness increase with the ultrafiltration flux; the effectiveness also increases with the ratio of dialysate flow rate to retentate flow rate. Based on same flow rate ratio and ultrafiltration flux, effectiveness increases with the sieving coefficient. The effectiveness chart of a counter-current membrane mass exchanger was plotted in this work, which can be used in the design of a membrane mass transfer.